Teneligliptin is <u>non-inferior</u> to sitagliptin for type 2 diabetes (T2DM) inadequately controlled with metformin and glimepiride.

Kim Y, et al. Diabetes Obes Metab. **2018** Oct 26.

- To assess the efficacy and safety of add-on therapy with teneligliptin compared with sitagliptin in patients with T2DM inadequately controlled with metformin and glimepiride, a double-blind, non-inferiority study was conducted in 200 Korean subjects with T2DM, with glycated hemoglobin (HbA1c) ranging from 7.0-11.0%, on stable doses of metformin plus glimepiride.
- There were no significant differences between groups in the proportion of patients achieving HbA1c targets, or changes from baseline in fasting plasma glucose, body weight or lipid levels at 24 weeks. Rates of adverse events and hypoglycemia were similar.

Teneligliptin was <u>non-inferior</u> to sitagliptin in the context of triple therapy for T2DM and is an important option in this setting.