Metoprolol Reduces Hemodynamic and Metabolic Overload in Asymptomatic Aortic Valve Stenosis Patients.

Hansson NH, et al. Circ Cardiovasc Imaging. 2017;10(10). pii: e006557.

- Currently, no pharmacological treatment can modify the natural history of aortic valve stenosis (AS). There is a critical need to explore treatment strategies which could postpone/prevent the need for aortic valve replacement in patients with asymptomatic AS.
- In a 22 week double-blind study in 40 patients with moderate-severe asymptomatic AS, metoprolol decreased heart rate, increased systolic ejection time and reduced aortic valve gradients, without affecting stroke volume. These correlated with lower myocardial oxygen consumption and <u>improved myocardial efficiency</u>.

Metoprolol displays favorable hemodynamic and metabolic effects and could improve outcomes in patients with asymptomatic AS.